

Policy	Data Protection Policy	
Date of Review	January 2022	
Reviewed By	Data Manager and Head of Operations	
Date of Approval	25 February 2022	
Approved By	LGB	
Date of Next Review	January 2024	
Statutory/Non Statutory	Statutory	
Website/Non Website	Website	

1. Aims

Our school aims to ensure that all personal data collected about staff, pupils, parents, governors, visitors and other individuals is collected, stored and processed in accordance with the <u>General Data Protection</u> <u>Regulation (GDPR)</u> and the Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA 2018).

This policy applies to all personal data, regardless of whether it is in paper or electronic format.

2. Legislation and guidance

This policy meets the requirements of the GDPR and the DPA 2018. It is based on guidance published by the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) on the UK <u>GDPR</u> and the ICO's code of practice for subject access requests.

It also meets the requirements of the <u>Protection of Freedoms Act 2012</u> when referring to our use of biometric data and complies with our funding agreement and articles of association.

Our school uses CCTV; and policies reflect the ICO's $\underline{\text{code of practice}}$ for the use of surveillance cameras and personal information.

3. Definitions

Term	Definition	
Personal data	Any information relating to an identified, or identifiable, individual. This may include the individual's: Name (including initials) Identification number Location data Online identifier, such as a username It may also include factors specific to the individual's physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social identity.	
Special categories of personal data	Personal data which is more sensitive and so needs more protection, including information about an individual's: Racial or ethnic origin Political opinions	
	 Religious or philosophical beliefs Trade union membership Genetics Biometrics (such as fingerprints, retina and iris patterns), where used for identification purposes Health – physical or mental Sex life or sexual orientation 	

Processing	Anything done to personal data, such as collecting, recording, organising, structuring, storing, adapting, altering, retrieving, using, disseminating, erasing or destroying. Processing can be automated or manual.
Data subject	The identified or identifiable individual whose personal data is held or processed.
Data controller	A person or organisation that determines the purposes and the means of processing of personal data.
Data processor	A person or other body, other than an employee of the data controller, who processes personal data on behalf of the data controller.
Personal data breach	A breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to personal data.

4. The data controller

Our school processes personal data relating to parents, pupils, staff, governors, trustees, visitors and others, and therefore is a data controller.

Harrow Academies Trust, of which the school is a part, is registered as a data controller with the ICO. The registration number is **ZA 183398** and will expire on **10 May 2022**, to be renewed as applicable at that time.

5. Roles and responsibilities

This policy applies to all staff employed by our school, and to external organisations or individuals working on our behalf. Staff who do not comply with this policy may face disciplinary action.

5.1 Harrow Academies Trust and the Local Governing Body

Harrow Academies Trust has overall responsibility for ensuring that our school complies with all relevant data protection obligations. The Local Governing Body has delegated supervisory responsibility in the normal course.

5.2 Data Protection Officer

The data protection officer (DPO) is responsible for overseeing the implementation of this policy, monitoring our compliance with data protection law, and developing related policies and guidelines where applicable.

They will provide an annual report of their activities directly to the Local Governing Body and, where relevant, report their advice and recommendations on school data protection issues.

The DPO is also a point of contact for individuals whose data the school processes, and for the ICO.

We, alongside the consortium of Harrow High Schools of which we are part, have appointed an external DPO sinceAutumn 2018.

Our Data Protection Officer, Judicium Consulting Limited, 72 Canon Street, London, EC4N 6AE

5.3 Representative of the Data Controller on a day to day basis

The Head of Operations, Hilary Ford, and school Data Manager act as the representative of the data controller on a day-to-day basis.

5.4 All Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- Collecting, storing and processing any personal data in accordance with this policy
- Informing the school of any changes to their personal data, such as a change of address
- Contacting the Data Manager and/or Head of Operations in the following circumstances:
 - With any questions about the operation of this policy, data protection law, retaining personal data or keeping personal data secure
 - If they are unsure whether or not they have a lawful basis to use personal data in a particular way
 - If they need to rely on or capture consent, draft a privacy notice, deal with data protection rights invoked by an individual, or transfer personal data outside the European Economic Area
 - Whenever they are engaging in a new activity that may affect the privacy rights of individuals
 - o If they need help with any contracts or sharing personal data with third parties
- Contacting the head teacher as DPO in the following circumstances:
 - If they have any concerns that this policy is not being followed
 - If there has been a data breach
 - o If they have any other concerns or gueries whatsoever

6. Data protection principles

The UK GDPR is based on data protection principles that our school must comply with.

The principles say that personal data must be:

- Processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner
- Collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes
- Adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary to fulfil the purposes for which it is processed
- Accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date
- Kept for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which it is processed
- Processed in a way that ensures it is appropriately secure

This policy sets out how the school aims to comply with these principles.

7. Collecting personal data

7.1 Lawfulness, fairness and transparency

When we collect personal data directly from individuals, we will provide them with the relevant information required by data protection law. This will usually be by providing or referring to a privacy notice, examples of which are at appendix 1 to this policy and which will be published, as revised from time to time as appropriate, on our website.

We will only process personal data where we have one of 6 'lawful bases' i.e. legal reasons to do so under data protection law, namely:

• The data needs to be processed so that the school can **fulfil a contract** with the individual, or the individual has asked the school to take specific steps before entering into a contract

- The data needs to be processed so that the school can comply with a legal obligation
- The data needs to be processed to ensure the **vital interests** of the individual e.g. to protect someone's life where they do not have the physical or legal capacity to do so themselves
- The data needs to be processed so that the school, as a public authority, can perform a task in the public interest and carry out its official functions
- The data needs to be processed for the **legitimate interests** of the school or a third party (provided the individual's rights and freedoms are not overridden)
- The individual (or their parent/carer when appropriate in the case of a pupil) has freely given clear consent

For special categories of personal data, as defined in the UK GDPR and Data Protection Act 2018 and summarised at appendix 2 to this policy, we will also have to satisfy one of the additional specific special category conditions set out in appendix 2.

Most aspects of a school's data processing will be on the lawful basis that the data needs to be processed so that the school, as a public authority, can perform a task in the public interest and carry out its official functions or to fulfill a contract with an individual. But where we will rely specifically on the sixth lawful basis, **consent**, as a basis for processing, we will follow the principles below in order to obtain the correct consent, respecting both a pupil's increasing maturity and the valued triangular partnership between school, pupil and parent.

- Where a pupil is under 13 years of age, we will always seek parental consent where consent is necessary
- Where a pupil is over 13 years of age, we may seek parental consent or we may seek a pupil's consent. We will take an appropriate decision on a case by case basis, depending on the nature and purpose of the data and consent required and whether we deem a pupil old enough to understand and make their own decision in the particular context. This approach is consistent with the presumption in the data protection legislation that once a child has sufficient understanding, they should have agency over their own personal data but that this cannot be before they are age 13.
- In circumstances where we intend to rely on the consent of a pupil, we will usually inform parents that we are seeking or have obtained a pupil's consent and where we deem it appropriate we may seek parental consent as well.

7.2 Limitation, minimisation and accuracy

We will only collect personal data where we have a lawful basis so to do and in accordance with the data protection principles above.

If we want to use personal data for reasons other than those for which we first obtained it, we will seek consent where necessary.

Staff must only process personal data in discharge of their duties as an employee of the school and in accordance with the principles listed at section 6 above. Where they have any doubt, staff should seek advice on this from the Data Manager or the Head of Operations.

We will ensure that data is held and where appropriate deleted or anonymised in accordance with appropriate records management procedures based on the <u>Information and Records Management Society's toolkit for schools</u>.

8. Sharing personal data

We will not share personal data with anyone else without consent unless the law and our policies allow us to. Examples of with whom we may share data include (but are not limited to) the following.

• A pupil's parent/carer or (in limited circumstances) a staff member's family or representatives

- A local authority, the Department for Education, Ofsted or other statutory body, to meet our legal obligations to share certain information such as census, safeguarding, exclusions, training, or inspection data
- Our trustees and governors
- Our auditors
- · Educators and examining bodies
- Suppliers and service providers to enable them to provide services and support to pupils or the school
- Professional advisers and consultants
- · Charities and voluntary organisations
- HR, Pension, Tax and employment-related agencies
- Professional bodies
- · Schools that the pupil attends after leaving us
- Health and social welfare professionals and organisations, emergency services, police forces, courts, tribunals (especially for safeguarding, safety or legal reasons)

Where we share personal data, we will only do so where we are satisfied that the parties with whom we share it can be expected to comply with data protection law.

Where we transfer personal data to a country or territory outside the European Economic Area, we will do so in accordance with data protection law.

9. Subject access requests and other rights of individuals

9.1 Subject access requests

Individuals have a right to make a 'subject access request' to gain access to personal information that the school holds about them. This includes:

- Confirmation that their personal data is being processed
- Access to a copy of the data
- The purposes of the data processing
- The categories of personal data concerned
- · Who the data has been, or will be, shared with
- How long the data will be stored for, or if this isn't possible, the criteria used to determine this period
- The source of the data, if not the individual
- Whether any automated decision-making is being applied to their data, and what the significance and consequences of this might be for the individual

Subject access requests should include:

- Name of individual
- Correspondence address
- Contact number and email address
- Details of the information requested

Subject access requests should be made to and will be managed by the Headteacher's PA. There is a form on which such a request may be made although it is not necessary to make it on this form. If staff receive an enquiry which is or may be a subject access request they should refer it promptly to the Headteacher's PA and Head of Operations.

9.2 Responding to subject access requests

Where a pupil is deemed old enough to understand and make their own decisions, which as discussed above will generally be around the age of 13 but will be determined on a case by case basis, it will usually be appropriate for us to seek the child's consent to our complying with any subject access request made by a parent, or for the child to make the subject access request on their own behalf.

When responding to requests, we:

- May ask the individual to provide 2 forms of identification
- May contact the individual via phone to confirm the request was made
- Will respond as soon as practicable and within 1 month of receipt of the request
- Will provide the information free of charge
- May tell the individual we will comply within 3 months of receipt of the request where a request is complex or numerous. We will inform the individual of this within 1 month, and explain why the extension of time is necessary

We will not disclose information if it:

- Might cause serious harm to the physical or mental health of the pupil or another individual
- Would reveal that the child is at risk of abuse, where the disclosure of that information would not be in the child's best interests
- Is contained in adoption or parental order records
- Is given to a court in proceedings concerning the child

If the request is unfounded or excessive, we may refuse to act on it or charge a reasonable fee which takes into account administrative costs.

When we refuse a request, we will tell the individual why, and tell them they have the right to complain to the ICO.

9.3 Other data protection rights of the individual

In addition to the right to make a subject access request (see above), and to receive information when we are collecting their data about how we use and process it (see section 7), individuals also have the right to:

- Withdraw their consent to processing at any time
- Ask us to rectify, erase or restrict processing of their personal data, or object to the processing of it (in certain circumstances)
- Prevent use of their personal data for direct marketing
- Challenge processing which has been justified on the basis of public interest
- Request a copy of agreements under which their personal data is transferred outside of the European Economic Area
- Object to decisions based solely on automated decision making or profiling (decisions taken with no human involvement, that might negatively affect them)
- Prevent processing that is likely to cause damage or distress
- Be notified of a data breach in certain circumstances
- Make a complaint to the ICO
- Ask for their personal data to be transferred to a third party in a structured, commonly used and machine-readable format (in certain circumstances)

Individuals should submit any request to exercise these rights to the DPO. If staff receive such a request, they must promptly forward it to the DPO.

10. Parental requests to see the educational record

A parent's request to access to their child's educational record will be considered in accordance with our compliance with GDPR and related legislation and is likely to be treated as if it is a subject access request.

11. Biometric recognition systems

Where we use pupils' biometric data as part of an automated biometric recognition system (for example, pupils are able to use finger prints to pay for school meals instead of paying with cash), we will comply with the requirements of the <u>Protection of Freedoms Act 2012</u>.

Parents/carers will be notified that we have a biometric recognition system in place before their child first takes part in it. The school will get written consent from at least one parent or carer before we take any biometric data from their child and first process it.

Parents/carers and pupils have the right to choose not to use the school's biometric system(s). We will provide alternative means of accessing the relevant services for those pupils. For example, pupils can pay for school dinners using a pin code.

Parents/carers and pupils can object to participation in the school's biometric recognition system(s), or withdraw consent, at any time, and if they do we will make sure that any relevant data already captured is deleted.

As required by law, if a pupil refuses to participate in, or continue to participate in, the processing of their biometric data, we will not process that data irrespective of any consent given by the pupil's parent(s)/carer(s).

Where staff members or other adults use the school's biometric system(s), we will also obtain their consent before they first take part in it, and provide alternative means of accessing the relevant service if they would prefer. Staff and other adults can also withdraw consent at any time and, if so, the school will delete any relevant data already captured.

12. CCTV

We use CCTV in school. We adhere to the ICO's code of practice for the use of CCTV.

13. Photographs and videos

As part of our school activities, we may take photographs and record images of individuals within our school.

We will obtain written consent from parents/carers for photographs and videos of their child to be used for communication, marketing and promotional materials. Uses may include:

- Within school on notice boards and in school magazines, brochures, newsletters, etc.
- Outside of school by external agencies such as the school photographer, newspapers, campaigns
- Online on our school website or social media pages

Consent can be refused or withdrawn at any time. If consent is withdrawn, we will take all reasonable steps to delete the photograph or video and not distribute it further.

14. Data security and storage of records

We will protect personal data and use our best endeavours to keep it safe from unauthorised or unlawful access, alteration, processing or disclosure, and against accidental or unlawful loss, destruction or damage. We will do this by means of policy, procedure, training and monitoring.

15. Personal data breaches

The school will use our best endeavours to ensure that there are no personal data breaches.

In the event of a suspected data breach, we will follow the procedure set out in appendix 1.

When appropriate, we will report the data breach to the ICO within 72 hours.

16. Training

Staff and governors will be provided with data protection training as appropriate and data protection will form part of continuing professional development, where changes to legislation, guidance or the school's processes make it necessary.

17. Monitoring arrangements

The DPO is responsible for monitoring and reviewing this policy.

This policy will be reviewed every 2 years and shared with the local governing body.

FS/Jan 2022

Appendix 1: Privacy Notices (June 2018)

Privacy Notice – Pupils

Under data protection law, individuals have a right to be informed about how the school uses any personal data that we hold about them. We comply with this right by providing 'privacy notices' to individuals where we are processing their personal data.

This privacy notice explains how we collect, store and use personal data about **pupils**. It is based on the Department for Education's model privacy notice for pupils, amended to reflect the way we use data in this school.

We, Pinner High School, Beaulieu Drive, HA5 1NB, are the 'data controller' for the purposes of data protection law.

Our data protection officer is Judicium Consulting Limited (please see below for contact details).

The personal data we hold

Personal data that we may collect, use, store and (when appropriate) share about pupils includes:

- Personal identifiers such as name, unique pupil number, contact and emergency contact details and preferences, date of birth, siblings, copies of identification documents
- Characteristics such as ethnic background, languages, eligibility for free school meals
- Assessment, attainment, curricular and special educational needs information including information provided by previous schools and external professionals
- Extra-curricular records including involvement in sporting and enrichment activities, school trips and excursions and positions of responsibility
- Medical, welfare, social care and safeguarding information including medical advice, dental and health records, allergy, medication and dietary requirements, involvement of external professionals and agencies, care and family arrangements, relevant court orders
- Pastoral and behavioural information including attendance and exclusion records
- Photographs including by way of electronic school management records and records of school activities and events
- Biometric data used as part of the school's cashless payment system

This data may be provided by pupils, parents/carers, generated internally or received from external organisations, including other schools, local authorities, related agencies or the Department for Education.

Why we use this data

We use this data to:

- Support pupil learning
- Monitor and report on pupil progress
- Make appropriate pastoral and welfare provision
- Ensure the safe and orderly running of the school
- Communicate with parents/carers and pupils
- Administer applications, admissions and appeals
- Comply with the laws which require us to collect and pass certain pupil data to other bodies concerned with education and/or children
- Manage, assess and promote the quality of our provision

Our legal basis for using this data

We only collect and use pupils' personal data when the law allows us to. Most commonly, we process it where:

- We need to comply with a legal obligation, including our legal duty to educate pupils under the Education Act 1996, and to provide related services.
- We need to perform a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of an official authority vested in us

Less commonly, we may also process pupils' personal data in situations where:

- · We have obtained consent
- We need to protect the vital interests of the data subject or another person

Where we have obtained consent to use pupils' personal data, this consent can be withdrawn at any time. We will make this clear when we ask for consent and explain how consent can be withdrawn.

Some of the reasons listed above for collecting and using pupils' personal data overlap, and there may be several grounds which justify our use of this data.

Collecting this information

We collect pupil data from pupils, parents/carers, our own performance of services, and from external organisations, including other schools that pupils have attended, local authorities, related agencies and the Department for Education.

Pupil data is important for the school operations and fulfilment of its functions. Whilst the majority of information we collect about pupils to this end is routine and/or mandatory, there is some information that you can decline to provide. Whenever we seek to collect information from you or your child, we make it clear whether providing it is mandatory or optional.

How we store this data

We keep pupil data securely for the time set out in our Records Management Policy which is available on request. Essentially we keep pupil data from the time a pupil is offered a place and/or admitted to the school, whilst they are attending our school and for a limited time beyond their attendance, for practical reasons and in order to comply with our legal obligations.

Pupil data is stored electronically (for example on our school information management system, SIMS, or in teacher records) and in some cases in hard copy too (for example, forms you complete and return to us).

Data stored electronically may be saved on a cloud based system. We have been advised by and retain external IT advisers for the purposes of ensuring the efficiency and appropriate security of this.

Data sharing

We do not share information about pupils with any third party without consent unless the law and our policies allow us to. Subject to this, we may share pupil data with

- A pupil's parent/carer
- Our local authority or a pupil's home local authority, if different, to meet our legal obligations to share certain information with it, such as safeguarding concerns and exclusions and information to allow local authorities to discharge post-13 education and training responsibilities
- The Department for Education, to meet our legal obligations to file census data pursuant to regulation 5 of The Education (Information About Individual Pupils) (England) Regulations 2013.
- · Our trustees and governors

- Our auditors
- Ofsted
- Educators and examining bodies
- Suppliers and service providers to enable them to provide the service and support to pupils or the school
- · Health and social welfare professional and organisations
- Professional advisers and consultants
- Coaches and trip providers
- · Charities and voluntary organisations
- Police forces, courts, tribunals
- Professional bodies
- Schools that the pupil attends after leaving us

Parents and pupils' rights regarding personal data

Under data protection legislation, parents and pupils have the right to request access to information we hold about them. If you would like to make a request, please contact the Headteacher's PA, contact details below.

You also have the right to

- Object to the use of personal data if it would cause, or is causing, damage or distress
- Prevent it being used to send direct marketing
- Object to decisions being taken by automated means (by a computer or machine, rather than by a person)
- In certain circumstances, have inaccurate personal data corrected, deleted or destroyed, or restrict processing
- Claim compensation for damages caused by a breach of the data protection regulations

To exercise any of these rights, please contact our Data Protection Officer.

Concerns and contacts

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- To make a request to access your/your child's personal data, please contact the Headteacher's PA, (vfairweather@pinnerhighschool.org)
- If you have any queries, concerns or complaints, please contact our Data Protection Officer, Data Protection Officer, Judicium Consulting Limited, 72 Canon Street, London, EC4N
 6AEcurrently the Head teacher, (dataservices@judicium.com)
- If you remain concerned, you can contact the Information Commissioner's Office, (https://ico.org.uk/concerns/)

Privacy Notice - Staff

Under data protection law, individuals have a right to be informed about how the school uses any personal data that we hold about them. We comply with this right by providing 'privacy notices' to individuals where we are processing their personal data.

This privacy notice explains how we collect, store and use personal data about individuals we employ, or otherwise engage to work at our school. It is based on the Department for Education's model privacy notice for the school workforce, amended to reflect the way we use data in this school.

We, Pinner High School, Beaulieu Drive, HA5 1NB, are the 'data controller' for the purposes of data protection law.

Our data protection officer is currently Judicium Consulting Limited (please see below for contact details).

The personal data we hold

We process data relating to those we employ or otherwise engage to work at our school. Personal data that we may collect, use, store and share (when appropriate) about you includes:

- Personal identifiers such as name, teacher reference number, contact and emergency contact details and preferences, date of birth, marital status and gender
- Salary, annual leave, pension and benefits information
- Bank account details, payroll records, National Insurance number and tax status information
- Recruitment information, including copies of right to work documentation, references and other information provided as part of the application process
- Qualifications and employment records, including work history, job titles, working hours, flexible working requests, training records and professional memberships
- DBS information to demonstrate compliance with Keeping Children Safe in Education (actual certificates are not retained) and a copy of identity information for processing DBS certification
- Performance information such as performance manage records and outcomes of any disciplinary, capability and/or grievance procedures
- Absence records
- · Accident reporting and records relating to accident/injury at work
- Photographs
- Data about your use of the school's information and communications system

We may also collect, store and use information about you that falls into "special categories" of more sensitive personal data, for example:

- Race, ethnicity, religious beliefs, sexual orientation and political opinions
- Trade union membership
- Health, including any medical conditions, and sickness records
- Biometric data used as part of the school's cashless payment system

In many cases, you have the right to choose whether to share this sort of information with us. See further below on this.

Why we use this data

The purpose of processing this data is to help us run the school, including to:

- Inform our recruitment and retention policies and decisions and to facilitate safe recruitment
- Determine your terms of employment, to deliver them and to enable you to be paid and receive relevant benefits

- Comply with employment law obligations
- Support effective performance management
- Allow financial management and planning
- Enable equalities monitoring
- Improve the management of workforce data across the sector
- Support the work of the School Teachers' Review Body

Our lawful basis for using this data

We only collect and use personal information about you when the law allows us to, having regard to both data protection legislation and employment and trade union legislation which may be in force from time to time. Most commonly, we use it where we need to:

- · Fulfil a contract we have entered into with you
- Comply with a legal obligation, for example submission of school workforce census information to the Department for Education.
- Carry out a task in the public interest

Less commonly, we may also use personal information about you where:

- You have given us consent to use it in a certain way, for example accessing staff benefits such as childcare vouchers or cashless school catering payments
- We need to protect your or someone else's vital interests

Where you have provided us with consent to use your data, you may withdraw this consent at any time. We will make this clear when requesting your consent, and explain how consent may be withdrawn.

Some of the reasons listed above for collecting and using personal information about you overlap, and there may be several grounds which justify the school's use of your data.

Collecting this information

Workforce data is important for school operations and the fulfilment of its functions. We collect personal information about you from you, from referees you nominate during the recruitment process, from line management and job-related activities whilst you are employed in the school and from external relevant bodies such as pre-employment checking and regulatory bodies, payroll and pension providers, and tax authorities. While the majority of information we collect from or about you is routine and/or mandatory, there is some information that you can decline to provide.

Whenever we seek to collect information from you, we make it clear whether it is mandatory or optional.

How we store this data

We keep data securely for the time set out in our Records Management Policy which is available on request. Essentially, we keep information about you from the time you apply for a job with us, whilst you are employed at the school and for a limited time beyond your employment by the school, for practical reasons and in order to comply with our legal obligations.

We create and maintain a hard copy employment file for each staff member which is kept secure and maintained in our Human Resources department. We also store information electronically (for example on Sims). Electronic data may be saved on a cloud based system. We have been advised by and retain external IT advisers for the purposes of ensuring the efficiency and appropriate security of this.

Data sharing

We do not share information about you with any third party without your consent unless the law and our policies allow us to do so. Subject to this, we may share personal information about you with:

- Harrow Council We are required to share information about our workforce members with our local authority under section 5 of the Education (Supply of Information about the School Workforce) (England) Regulations 2007 and amendments.
- Department for Education We are required to share information about our school employees with the DfE under section 5 of the Education (Supply of Information about the School Workforce) (England) Regulations 2007 and amendments.
- Trustees and Governors
- Educators and examining bodies
- Ofsted
- Payroll, taxation, pension, occupational health and HR providers and pre-employment check and regulatory agencies
- Suppliers and service providers
- · Our auditors and insurers
- Professional bodies, advisers and consultants
- Police forces, courts, tribunals
- In certain situations, your family or representatives

Your rights regarding personal data

Under data protection legislation, you have the right to request access to information we hold about you. If you would like to make a request, please contact the Head teacher's PA, contact details below.

You also have the right to

- Object to the use of personal data if it would cause, or is causing, damage or distress
- Prevent it being used to send direct marketing
- Object to decisions being taken by automated means (by a computer or machine, rather than by a person)
- In certain circumstances, have inaccurate personal data corrected, deleted or destroyed, or restrict processing
- Claim compensation for damages caused by a breach of the data protection regulations

To exercise any of these rights, please contact our Data Protection Officer.

Concerns and contacts

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- To make a request to access your/your child's personal data, please contact the Headteacher's PA, (vfairweather@pinnerhighschool.org)
- If you have any queries, concerns or complaints, please contact our Data Protection Officer, Data Protection Officer, Judicium Consulting Limited, 72 Canon Street, London, EC4N
 6AEcurrently the Head teacher, (dataservices@judicium.com)
- If you remain concerned, you can contact the Information Commissioner's Office, (https://ico.org.uk/concerns/)

Appendix 2: Processing Special Category Data (extract from the ICO website)

Special category data is broadly similar to the concept of sensitive personal data under the 1998 Act. The requirement to identify a specific condition for processing this type of data is also very similar.

One change is that the GDPR includes genetic data and some biometric data in the definition. Another is that it does not include personal data relating to criminal offences and convictions, as there are separate and specific safeguards for this type of data in Article 10. See the <u>definitions section of this Guide</u> for more detail on what counts as special category data.

The conditions for processing special category data under the GDPR in the UK are broadly similar to the Schedule 3 conditions under the 1998 Act for the processing of sensitive personal data. More detailed guidance on the new special category conditions in the Data Protection Act 2018 - and how they differ from existing Schedule 3 conditions - will follow in due course.

What's different about special category data?

You must still have a lawful basis for your processing under Article 6, in exactly the same way as for any other personal data. The difference is that you will also need to satisfy a specific condition under Article 9.

This is because special category data is more sensitive, and so needs more protection. For example, information about an individual's:

- race;
- ethnic origin;
- politics;
- religion;
- trade union membership;
- genetics:
- biometrics (where used for ID purposes);
- health;
- sex life; or
- sexual orientation.

See the <u>definitions section</u> of this Guide for full details.

In particular, this type of data could create more significant risks to a person's fundamental rights and freedoms. For example, by putting them at risk of unlawful discrimination.

Your choice of lawful basis under Article 6 does not dictate which special category condition you must apply, and vice versa. For example, if you use consent as your lawful basis, you are not restricted to using explicit consent for special category processing under Article 9. You should choose whichever special category condition is the most appropriate in the circumstances – although in many cases there may well be an obvious link between the two. For example, if your lawful basis is vital interests, it is highly likely that the Article 9 condition for vital interests will also be appropriate.

What are the conditions for processing special category data?

The conditions are listed in Article 9(2) of the GDPR:

- (a) the data subject has given explicit consent to the processing of those personal data for one or more specified purposes, except where Union or Member State law provide that the prohibition referred to in paragraph 1 may not be lifted by the data subject;
- (b) processing is necessary for the purposes of carrying out the obligations and exercising specific rights of the controller or of the data subject in the field of employment and social security and social protection law in so far as it is authorised by Union or Member State law or a collective agreement pursuant to Member State law providing for appropriate safeguards for the fundamental rights and the interests of the data subject;
- (c) processing is necessary to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another natural person where the data subject is physically or legally incapable of giving consent;
- (d) processing is carried out in the course of its legitimate activities with appropriate safeguards by a foundation, association or any other not-for-profit body with a political, philosophical, religious or trade union

aim and on condition that the processing relates solely to the members or to former members of the body or to persons who have regular contact with it in connection with its purposes and that the personal data are not disclosed outside that body without the consent of the data subjects;

- (e) processing relates to personal data which are manifestly made public by the data subject;
- (f) processing is necessary for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims or whenever courts are acting in their judicial capacity;
- (g) processing is necessary for reasons of substantial public interest, on the basis of Union or Member State law which shall be proportionate to the aim pursued, respect the essence of the right to data protection and provide for suitable and specific measures to safeguard the fundamental rights and the interests of the data subject;
- (h) processing is necessary for the purposes of preventive or occupational medicine, for the assessment of the working capacity of the employee, medical diagnosis, the provision of health or social care or treatment or the management of health or social care systems and services on the basis of Union or Member State law or pursuant to contract with a health professional and subject to the conditions and safeguards referred to in paragraph 3;
- (i) processing is necessary for reasons of public interest in the area of public health, such as protecting against serious cross-border threats to health or ensuring high standards of quality and safety of health care and of medicinal products or medical devices, on the basis of Union or Member State law which provides for suitable and specific measures to safeguard the rights and freedoms of the data subject, in particular professional secrecy;
- (j) processing is necessary for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes in accordance with Article 89(1) based on Union or Member State law which shall be proportionate to the aim pursued, respect the essence of the right to data protection and provide for suitable and specific measures to safeguard the fundamental rights and the interests of the data subject.

You need to read these alongside the Data Protection Act 2018, which adds more specific conditions and safeguards:

- Schedule 1 Part 1 contains specific conditions for the various employment, health and research purposes under Articles 9(2)(b), (g), (i) and (j).
- Schedule 1 Part 2 contains specific 'substantial public interest' conditions for Article 9(2)(h).
- In some cases you must also have an 'appropriate policy document' in place to rely on these conditions.

Appendix 3: Personal data breach procedure

This procedure is based on guidance on personal data breaches produced by the ICO.

- On finding or causing a breach, or potential breach, the staff member or data processor must immediately notify the DPO
- The DPO will investigate the report, and determine whether a breach has occurred. To decide, the DPO will consider whether personal data has been accidentally or unlawfully:
 - Lost
 - o Stolen
 - Destroyed
 - Altered
 - Disclosed or made available where it should not have been
 - Made available to unauthorised people
- The DPO will alert SLT and the chair of governors
- The DPO will make all reasonable efforts to contain and minimise the impact of the breach, assisted by relevant staff members or data processors where necessary. (Actions relevant to specific data types are set out at the end of this procedure)
- The DPO will assess the potential consequences, based on how serious they are, and how likely they are to happen
- The DPO will work out whether the breach must be reported to the ICO. This must be judged on a
 case-by-case basis. To decide, the DPO will consider whether the breach is likely to negatively affect
 people's rights and freedoms, and cause them any physical, material or non-material damage (e.g.
 emotional distress), including through:
 - Loss of control over their data
 - Discrimination
 - Identify theft or fraud
 - Financial loss
 - Unauthorised reversal of pseudonymisation (for example, key-coding)
 - Damage to reputation
 - o Loss of confidentiality
 - Any other significant economic or social disadvantage to the individual(s) concerned

If it is likely that there will be a risk to people's rights and freedoms, the DPO must notify the ICO.

The DPO will document the decision (either way), in case it is challenged at a later date by the ICO or an individual affected by the breach and will be stored in the GDPR folder (Security subfolder) on the Admin shared drive.

- Where the ICO must be notified, the DPO will do this via the <u>'report a breach' page of the ICO</u> website within 72 hours. As required, the DPO will set out:
 - A description of the nature of the personal data breach including, where possible:
 - The categories and approximate number of individuals concerned
 - The categories and approximate number of personal data records concerned
 - The name and contact details of the DPO
 - A description of the likely consequences of the personal data breach
 - A description of the measures that have been, or will be taken, to deal with the breach and mitigate any possible adverse effects on the individual(s) concerned
- If all the above details are not yet known, the DPO will report as much as they can within 72 hours.
 The report will explain that there is a delay, the reasons why, and when the DPO expects to have further information. The DPO will submit the remaining information as soon as possible

- The DPO will also assess the risk to individuals, again based on the severity and likelihood of potential or actual impact. If the risk is high, the DPO will promptly inform, in writing, all individuals whose personal data has been breached. This notification will set out:
 - The name and contact details of the DPO
 - A description of the likely consequences of the personal data breach
 - A description of the measures that have been, or will be, taken to deal with the data breach and mitigate any possible adverse effects on the individual(s) concerned
- The DPO will notify any relevant third parties who can help mitigate the loss to individuals for example, the police, insurers, banks or credit card companies
- The DPO will document each breach, irrespective of whether it is reported to the ICO. For each breach, this record will include the:
 - Facts and cause
 - Effects
 - Action taken to contain it and ensure it does not happen again (such as establishing more robust processes or providing further training for individuals)

Records of all breaches will be stored in the data breaches register in the GDPR folder (Security subfolder) on the Admin shared drive

• The DPO and SLT will meet to review what happened and how it can be stopped from happening again. This meeting will happen as soon as reasonably possible

Actions to minimise the impact of data breaches

We will take appropriate action to mitigate the impact of different types of data breach, focusing especially on breaches involving particularly risky or sensitive information, and taking advice from appropriate persons on the best way to do so.